

The WTRef Package (v1.0.0)

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December 24, 2023

Abstract

Package WTRef is a small extension for L^AT_εX 2_ε's cross-referencing. It enables you to divide namespace and scope. It also provides a few ways to customise referencing formats. L^AT_εX 2_ε on any kind of T_εX engine is supported. The package requires Package xparse and xkeyval.

1 System requirements

WTRef requires the following.

- T_εX engine: any engine
- T_εX format: L^AT_εX 2_ε
- Document class: any class
- Required packages: xparse and xkeyval

2 Loading the package

The package should be loaded in the usual L^AT_εX 2_ε way. No package option is available.

```
\usepackage{wtref}
```

3 Cross-reference commands

3.1 Declaring new cross-reference commands

The `\newref` command creates a pair of cross-reference commands. This command can be used in preamble only.

```
\newref[options]{ref types}
```

Herein, *ref types* is a comma-separated list of *ref type*. All characters consisting of *ref type* must be ‘letter’ so that they can be used for control sequences (recommended to use ASCII alphabets only) and may not be empty. Notice that leading and trailing spaces and successive spaces around commas are ignored.

The `\newref` command defines pairs of cross-referencing commands, `\<ref type>label` and `\<ref type>ref` for each given *ref type*. In this document,

we call the former *label commands* and the latter *reference commands*. Notice that the `\newref` command may overwrites existing commands (with warning messages), so $\langle ref\ name\rangle$ should be decided carefully.

In $\langle options\rangle$, you can set the following parameters with key-value list:

`namespace= $\langle string\rangle$` sets $\langle namespace\rangle$ to “ $\langle string\rangle$ ”. In case neither `namespace` nor `nonamespace` is specified, or $\langle string\rangle$ of `namespace` is empty, the $\langle namespace\rangle$ parts in labels are set to “ $\langle ref\ type\rangle$ ”.

`nonamespace` sets $\langle namespace\rangle$ to empty. That is to say, the namespace function for the package is disabled. You can give a value for the `nonamespace` key without any error, but the value will be simply ignored.

`scope= $\langle counter\rangle$` sets counter which used as scope. Though you can specify arbitrary L^AT_EX counter for $\langle counter\rangle$, normally those which have uniqueness in a document are useful. The $\langle scope\rangle$ parts in labels are set to “ $\backslash\text{the}\langle counter\rangle$ ”.

These optional settings apply to all pairs of cross-reference commands corresponding to $\langle ref\ type\rangle$ s in specified $\langle ref\ types\rangle$.

Identically, if any keys do not specified in $\langle options\rangle$, $\langle namespace\rangle$ is set to “ $\langle ref\ type\rangle$ ”, and $\langle scope\rangle$ is set to empty. In other words, while the namespace function is enabled by default, the scope function is not.

3.2 Label commands

Label commands are used for making new labels. The usage of them are the same as the standard `\label` command of L^AT_EX 2_ε, e.g.,

```
\exlabel{ $\langle label\rangle$ }
```

The label commands are equivalent to the following after a full-expansion:

```
\label{ $\langle namespace\rangle\langle scope\rangle\langle label\rangle$ }
```

3.3 Reference commands

Reference commands print contents of counters which labeled by label commands in specified formats. The following is the syntax of an example reference command `\exref`:

```
\exref[ $\langle the\ scope\rangle$ ]{ $\langle label\ list\rangle$ }
```

The option argument $\langle the\ scope\rangle$ can be omitted when the specified label exists in the same scope. You can refer to labels outside a scope by specifying the target scope explicitly, that is the output of proper `\the $\langle counter\rangle$` , in the option argument. Notice that if the function of scope is inactive (i.e., in case `scope` key does not specified in $\langle options\rangle$ of `\newref`), this argument is always unnecessary, and it will be ignored all the time.

In argument $\langle label\ list\rangle$, you can specify multiple labels in a form of comma-separated list. Note that leading and trailing spaces and successive spaces around commas are ignored. In the case, pertinent counters should be printed in comma-separate form by default. You can change this format flexibly with the `\setrefstyle` command.

4 Setting referencing style

The output format of reference commands can be customised with the `\setrefstyle` command. The syntax of the command is as follows:

```
\setrefstyle{<ref types>}{<options>}
```

The `\setrefstyle` command can be used anywhere in L^AT_EX documents, not limited to preambles, and sets the reference format locally.

In *<options>*, you can set the following parameters with a key-value list:

`refcmd=<ref command>` sets the *<ref command>* to used for actual referencing functionality. Herein, `#1` in the *<command>* may be replaced into suitable label name. The default value is `\ref{#1}`. The *<command>* may be used repeatedly for the number of labels in the given *<label list>*.

`sep=<separator>` sets the *<separator>*, which used between each *<ref command>*, in case more than three labels are given for a *<label list>*. Notice that last one separator is set by `last sep`. The default value is `{, \space}`.

`last sep(=<last separator>)` sets *<last separator>* to used for the last separator between the *<ref command>*s, in case multiple labels are given in *<label list>*. The part after `=` can be omitted. In that case, `last sep` is set to identical value of `sep`, and this is the default behavior.

`prefix=<prefix>` sets *<prefix>* to be put in front of the first *<ref command>* when the reference commands are used. The default value is `{}`.

`suffix=<suffix>` sets *<suffix>* to be put behind the last *<ref command>* when reference commands are used. The default value is `{}`.

Values of the keys which do not set explicitly in the *<options>* are left unchanged.